

# **Cambridge International AS & A Level**

## GEOGRAPHY

Paper 1 Core Physical Geography

9696/13

May/June 2022

1 hour 30 minutes

You must answer on the enclosed answer booklet.

You will need: Answer booklet (enclosed) Insert (enclosed)

#### INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer four questions in total:
  Section A: answer all questions.
  Section B: answer one question.
- Follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper, ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.
- Sketch maps and diagrams should be drawn whenever they serve to illustrate an answer.

#### INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- The insert contains all the resources referred to in the questions.

## **Section A**

Answer **all** questions in this section. All questions are worth 10 marks.

#### Hydrology and fluvial geomorphology

- 1 Fig. 1.1 and Fig. 1.2 show the annual hydrographs for two rivers.
  - (a) (i) State the highest value of 5-year average discharge for River Fitzroy shown in Fig. 1.1.

[1]

- (ii) Calculate the range of 5-year average discharge for River Tym shown in Fig. 1.2. Show your working. [2]
- (b) Compare the trends of average monthly discharge shown in Fig. 1.1 and Fig. 1.2. [3]
- (c) Suggest two reasons for the differences in the annual hydrographs shown in Fig. 1.1 and Fig. 1.2. [4]

#### Atmosphere and weather

- 2 Fig. 2.1 shows the Earth's global energy budget.
  - (a) Calculate the difference between incoming (shortwave) solar radiation and outgoing longwave radiation at the Equator. Show your working. [2]
  - (b) Describe the pattern of outgoing longwave radiation shown in Fig. 2.1. [3]
  - (c) With reference to Fig. 2.1, explain why there is excess energy at lower latitudes. [5]

#### **Rocks and weathering**

**3** Fig. 3.1 is a photograph which shows a weathered rock.

(a)	Name the main type of physical weathering shown in Fig. 3.1.	[1]
(b)	Draw a labelled diagram(s) to explain how the rock shown in Fig. 3.1 was weathered.	[4]

(c) Explain why climate is important in determining the rate of weathering. [5]

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# Section B

Answer **one** question from this section. All questions are worth 30 marks.

# Hydrology and fluvial geomorphology

4	(a)	(i)	Define the hydrological terms stemflow and throughflow.	[4]
		(ii)	Briefly explain how underground water may form springs.	[3]
	(b)	Des	scribe and explain how a meander forms.	[8]

(c) With the aid of examples, discuss the view that sediment size is the most important influence on deposition in a river. [15]

# Atmosphere and weather

5	(a)	(i)	Define the atmospheric terms <i>convection</i> and <i>wind belts</i> .	[4]	
		(ii)	Briefly describe how solar radiation may be reflected.	[3]	
	(b)	<b>b)</b> Explain how human activity can affect the temperature of an urban area.			
	(c)	c) With the aid of examples, assess the extent to which human activity is the miglobal warming.		e of [15]	

## **Rocks and weathering**

6	(a)	(i)	Define the tectonic terms ocean trench and sea floor spreading.	[4]
		(ii)	Briefly describe the processes occurring at a conservative plate boundary.	[3]
	(b)	Explain why slope processes occur at different rates.		
	(c)	(c) 'Mass movements can never be effectively reduced.'		
		Wit	h the aid of one or more examples, how far do you agree?	[15]

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